10	th Class 2018	
physics	Group-l	Paper-II
	(Objective Type)	Max. Marks: 12
Note: Four possible	e answers A, B, C	C and D to each

question are given. The choice which you think is correct, fill that circle in front of that question with Marker or Pen ink in the answer-book. Cutting or filling two or more circles will result in zero mark in that question.

The relation between v, f and λ of a wave is: 1-1-

- (a) $vf = \lambda$
- (b) $f\lambda = v \sqrt{}$

(c) $v = \frac{\lambda}{f}$

(d) $v\lambda = f$

Which is an example of a longitudinal wave: 2-

- (a) Sound wave √ (b) Light wave
- (c) Radio wave (d) Water wave
- Index of refraction of diamond is: 3-
 - (a) 1.52 Dia
- (b) 1.66
- (c) 2.21
- (d) 2.42 $\sqrt{}$

Speed of light in water is:

- (a) $3 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ (b) $2.3 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1} \sqrt{}$
- (c) $2 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$
- (d) $1 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$

S.I unit of charge is:

(a) Kg

(b) Newton

(c) Volt

(d) Coulomb 1/

One volt is equal to:

- (a) 1 JC
- (b) 1 JC⁻¹ √
- (c) 1 J/C²
- (d) 1 NC-1

7. When we double the voltage in a simple electric circuit, we double the:

- (a) Current √
- (b) Power
- (c) Resistance
- (d) Both a & b √

8-	Mathematical form of Ohm's Law is:		
	(a) $P = IV$ (b) $V = IR \sqrt{}$		
	(c) $Q = It$ (d) $W = Q / V$		
9-	A device which converts electrical energy intermediate mechanical energy is called:		
	(a) D.C. motor √ (b) Generator		
	(c) Transformer (d) All of these		
10-	The process by which electrons are emitted a hot metal surface is known as:		
	(a) Boiling (b) Evaporation		
	(c) Conduction (d) Thermionic emission /		
11-	What does the term e-mail stand for:		
	 (a) Emergency mail (b) Electronic mail √ (c) Extra mail (d) External mail 		
12-	One isotope of uranium is 238 U. The number of		
	neutrons in this isotope is:		
	(a) 92 (b) 238		
	(c) 146 $\sqrt{}$ (d) 330		
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